■ MDA16-8i

D/A Converter Module for PCI-BASEII, PCIe-BASE

Assemble Measurement Card. Control. Analog.

For optimum customization to a measurement application, the PCI/PCIe cards from BMC Messsysteme GmbH can be supplemented with various modules. The short latency of the PCI/PCIe interface makes the MDA16-8i module especially attractive for controlling tasks.

8 Analog Outputs. 16 Bit. ±10V.

The MDA16-8i precisely emits analog signals with 16-bit resolution in the ±10V range. They are available at the 37-pin D-Sub female connector of the PCI/PCIe card. Eight analog outputs are provided.

Clearly Safe.

The galvanic isolation of the analog outputs from the PC ground provides interference-free operation and protects DAQ system and PC against high potentials.

Function Generator.

The MDA16-8i features a function generator, which outputs various signals (sine wave, rectangle, or ramp function). Signal amplitude (±10V) and frequency (max. 100kHz) are programmable via software.

Modularity. Individuality. Flexibility.

A great variety of analog input modules, analog output modules or CAN modules is available to equip the PCI/PCIe base board for a measurement application.
The combination of the modules in the two card slots creates individual solutions.
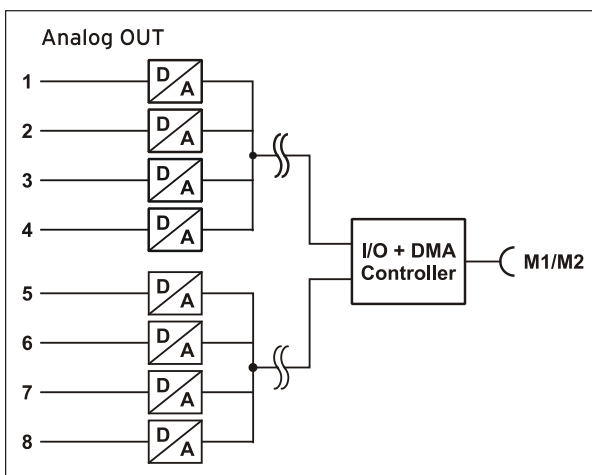
Functional diagram

1 Installation on the PCI-BASEII, PCIe-BASE

The MDA16-8i module can be integrated on any slot of the *PCI-BASEII*, *PCIe-BASE* or older versions. Make sure the plugs and sockets fit together exactly.

If using both an MADDA and an MDA16-8i module, the best solution is to plug the MADDA on slot M1 and the output module on slot M2. In this way, all analog inputs and outputs are available at the D-Sub 37 female connector of the PCI/PCIe card.

The channels of the module on slot M2 can be accessed at the internal pin connectors K3, K4 of the DAQ card. They can be led out of the PC to a slot bracket with D-Sub 37 female using the optional ZUKA16 connection cable (connect channel 1 - colored line - of ZUKA16 with pin 1 of the pin connector K3 - square pad - and attach 2. connector in parallel).
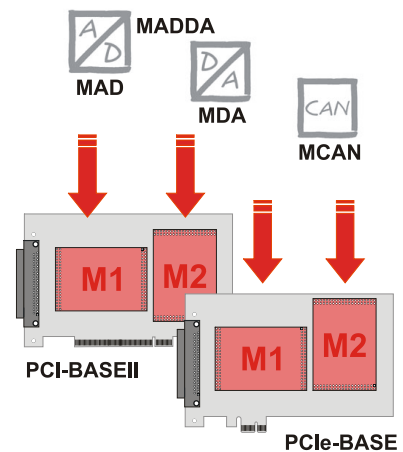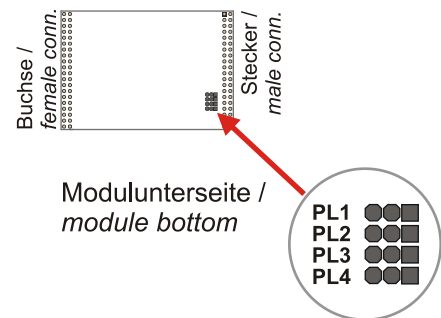
- **If the modules are not plugged correctly, the modules and/or the DAQ card may be damaged!**

- **The modules are electrostatic sensitive devices - please provide for a conductive pad connected to ground during installation.**

- **The channels of slot 2 are only available at the D-Sub37 connector of the DAQ card if the relevant solder jumpers on the base board have been configured correctly (see relating data sheet).**

- **Leading the outputs of an MDA16-8i mounted on slot M2 to the D-Sub37 female of the DAQ card is not possible if using former versions of PCI cards (PCI-BASE50/300/1000) from bmcm.**

2   Addressing the MDA16-8i Module

The address configuration is done via the 3-pin solder jumpers PL1-3 on the (component-free) bottom side of the module board.
The MDA16-8i module is preset to address 2. The addresses 6 and 7 are reserved.

Buchse / *female conn.*   Stecker / *male conn.*

Modulunterseite / *module bottom*

PL1
PL2
PL3
PL4

Address	0	1	2	3	4	5
PL1						
PL2						
PL3						

Address 2 is factory setting

The address determines the assignment of the channels. For example, the MDA16-8i module (8 outputs) with the lower address is assigned to the channels 1-8, the other module to the following channels.

Make sure to assign different addresses for modules (also of different type) used on one DAQ card!

3 Pin Assignment of the MDA16-8i with the PCI/PCIe Card

The following table shows which pins are used for the connection of the analog outputs.
The channels of the module on the first slot are accessible at the 37-pin D-Sub female of the DAQ card. The connections of the module on slot 2 can be led through to an additional 37-pin D-Sub female by means of the add-on cable ZUKA16.

MODULE SLOT M1		OUTPUT MODULE	MODULE SLOT M2	
D-Sub37 PCI(e)-BASE	Plug/Pin PCI(e)-BASE	MDA16-8i	D-Sub37 ZUKA16	Plug/Pin PCI(e)-BASE
1	K1/1	AOut 1	1	K3/1
2	K1/3	AOut 2	2	K3/3
3	K1/5	AOut 3	3	K3/5
4	K1/7	AOut 4	4	K3/7
5	K1/9	AOut 5	5	K3/9
6	K1/11	AOut 6	6	K3/11
7	K1/13	AOut 7	7	K3/13
8	K1/15	AOut 8	8	K3/15
9	K1/17	-	9	K3/17
10	K1/19	-	10	K3/19
11	K2/1	-	11	K4/1
12	K2/3	-	12	K4/3
13	K2/5	-	13	K4/5
14	K2/7	-	14	K4/7
15	K2/9	-	15	K4/9
16	K2/11	-	16	K4/11
17[*]	K2/13	-	17	K4/13
18[*]	K2/15	-	18	K4/15
19[*]	K2/17	-	19	K4/17
20	K1/2	AGND1[**]	20	K3/2
21	K1/4	AGND1[**]	21	K3/4
22	K1/6	AGND1[**]	22	K3/6
23	K1/8	AGND1[**]	23	K3/8
24	K1/10	AGND2[**]	24	K3/10
25	K1/12	AGND2[**]	25	K3/12
26	K1/14	AGND2[**]	26	K3/14
27	K1/16	AGND2[**]	27	K3/16
28	K1/18	-	28	K3/18
29	K1/20	-	29	K3/20
30	K2/2	-	30	K4/2
31	K2/4	-	31	K4/4
32	K2/6	-	32	K4/6
33	K2/8	-	33	K4/8
34	K2/10	-	34	K4/10
35	K2/12	-	35	K4/12
36[*]	K2/14	-	36	K4/14
37[*]	K2/16	-	37	K4/16

* assignment changes if analog channels of the 2nd slot are led through to the D-Sub 37 of the PCI/PCIe data acquisition card
** AGND1 refers to AOUT1-4, AGND2 refers to AOUT5-8 of the MDA16-8i

4 Important Notes for Using the MDA16-8i

- The module is only suitable for extra-low voltages - please observe the relevant regulations! It must only be used in closed PC housings (for reasons relating to EMC).
- All accessible pins are electrostatic sensitive devices. Provide for a grounded conductive work place.
- Only use non-solvent detergents for cleaning. The product is designed to be maintenance-free.
- The product must not be used for safety-relevant tasks. With the use of the product, the customer becomes manufacturer by law and is therefore fully responsible for the proper installation and use of the product. In the case of improper use and/or unauthorized interference, our warranty ceases and any warranty claim is excluded.
- Improper installation of the module on the PCI/PCIe card may damage the module and/or the DAQ card.
- To remove the module, first loosen it on one plugged side by levering the module with the utmost caution using a blunt object (e.g. plastic ballpoint pen). Then carefully lift up the other side with your hand moving it back and forth.
- Exposing the card to strong vibrations requires additional protection of the module.
- If connecting internal ribbon cables to the PCI/PCIe base board, please make sure the modules are well ventilated to prevent excess heating. Also observe the temperature ranges of the PC.

Do not dispose of the product in the domestic waste or at any waste collection places. It has to be either duly disposed according to the WEEE directive or can be returned to bmcm at your own expense.

5 Technical Data

(typical at 20°C, after 5min.)

- Analog Outputs

Channels:	8 outputs, galvanically isolated from the PC
Resolution:	16 bit
Relative accuracy:	0.0015%
Converter rate:	10µs
Output range:	±10V
Function generator:	sine wave, ramp, rectangle, programmable via software (Libad4 or NextView®), max. ±10V, 100kHz
Zero shift:	max. ±50ppm/°C
Gain drop:	max. ±50ppm/°C
Output current:	max. 10mA
Settling time:	max. 10µs
R_{out}:	51Ω
Error in the relevant range:	max. ±4 LSB
Noise in the relevant range:	max. ±4 LSB

The values for accuracy always relate to the respective output range. Errors might add at worst.

- General Data

Power supply:	+4.5V..+5.5V from PCI-BASEII or PCIe-BASE, max. 300mA
CE standards:	EN61000-6-1, EN61000-6-3, EN61010-1; for decl. of conformity (PDF) visit www.bmcm.de
ElektroG // ear registration:	RoHS and WEEE compliant // WEEE Reg.-No. DE75472248
Max. perm. potentials:	**60V DC acc. to VDE**, max. 1kV ESD on open lines
Temperature ranges:	operating temp.: −25°C..+50°C, storage temp.: −25°C..+70°C
Relative humidity:	0-90% (not condensing)
Dimensions:	~ 74 x 52 x 13 mm^3
Delivery:	product, description
Warranty:	2 years from date of purchase at bmcm, claims for damages resulting from improper use excluded

Manufacturer: BMC Messsysteme GmbH. Subject to change due to technical improvements. Errors and printing errors excepted. Rev. 2.0 **16.10.2023**

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