

USB-AD14f

Data Acquisition System (USB)

Measurement & Control. Super-Low Priced.

Record and output signals with the USB-AD14f. The USB data acquisition system accommodated in a stable aluminum housing is ideal for mediumclass applications impressing by universal applicability and an excellent price-performanceratio.

16 Analog Inputs. 20kHz. 14 Bit. ±10V.

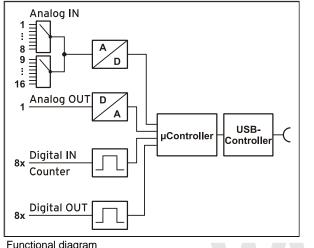
Voltage signals in the ±10V range are connected at 16 analog inputs. Sampling is done with 14 bit resolution and 20kHz total sampling rate.

1 Analog Output. 12 Bit. ±5V.

The 5V output can be used for analog control with 12 bit accuracy.

8 Digital IN. 8 Digital OUT. 1 Counter.

Digital states are recorded or set at eight digital inputs and outputs each. Digital inputs are sampled time-synchronously with the analog inputs. The USB-AD14f features a 16-bit counter for the acquisition of counting pulses.





Plug & Play.

The connection to the PC is realized via USB. The USB-AD14f provides all typical USB features (e.g. Plug&Play, Hot-Plug). Up to 127 devices can be connected and installed during operation.

Powered by USB.

The device is supplied with power via the USB interface. This reduces cabling efforts to a minimum and makes mobile measurements a lot easier.

Optimal for Windows.

The drivers and programming interface is optimized for 64Bit under Windows® 10/11. All software for installation and programming of the USB-AD14f is included free of charge.

NextView[®]. Try for Free.

The DAQ system is supported by NextView®, the software for data acquisition and analysis. A fully functional 14-day trial is included with delivery to directly test the functionality of the USB-AD14f.

Accessory. Makes Everything so Easy.

Use the demo board ZU-DBD featuring various operating controls and sensors to generate 16 analog signals and record them with the USB data acquisition system.

Functional diagram

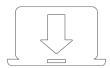
1 Start-up procedure

All available software and documentation for the USB-AD14f are located on <u>www.bmcm.de/usb-ad14f-en</u> in the tab **Downloads.**



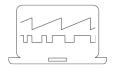
1. Step: Connect up

Please attach both of the red frames with the feet facing down with light pressure at the ends of the housing as shown on the product picture. Connect the provided USB cable to the device and to a free USB port of the PC. Then start the plug and play installation. The device gets its power supply through the USB connection.



2. Step: Installation device driver

Install the latest driver package in order to use the USB measurement device. You will find the package on www.bmcm.de/usb-ad14f-en in the tab **Downloads** in the category **BMCM – Drivers**.



3a. Step: Measuring with NextView

To be able to use your measurement system with NextView, you just need to download and install the latest version of NextView on <u>http://www.nextview.de/go-en</u>. In case you did not buy NextView, request a free of charge trial version when first starting NextView. Find more information about NextView and its installation on <u>www.nextview.de</u>.



3b. Step: Measuring with API

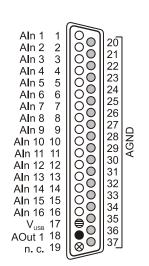
In case you want to use the measurement device without NextView, you need to download and install the free of charge programming interface LIBAD4. You can find this on www.bmcm.de/usb-ad14f-en in the tab **Downloads** in the category **LIBAD – Programming Interface (API)**, too. Find more information on www.bmcm.de/usb-ad14f-en in the tab **Downloads** in the category **LIBAD – Programming Interface (API)**, too. Find more information on www.bmcm.de/libad-en.

2 Analog Inputs and Outputs

The 37-pin D-Sub female connector at the front of the device is designed for the connection of the analog inputs and outputs. An auxiliary voltage (e.g. for sensor supply) is provided at pin 17.

The following table shows the pin assignment of the 37-pin D-Sub connector:

D-Sub 37	Assignment	D-Sub 37	Assignment
1	Aln 1	11	Aln 11
2	Aln 2	12	Aln 12
3	Aln 3	13	Aln 13
4	Aln 4	14	Aln 14
5	Aln 5	15	Aln 15
6	Aln 6	16	Aln 16
7	Aln 7	17	V _{USB} (4-5V; max. 20mA)
8	Aln 8	18	AOut 1
9	Aln 9	19	n. c.
10	Aln 10	2037	AGND



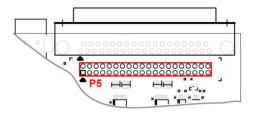
O Aln = Analogeingang / analog input

AOut = Analogausgang / analog output

O AGND = analoge Masse / analog ground

⊖ V_{USB} = Hilfsspannung / auxiliary voltage

⊗ n. c. = nicht verbunden / not connected



channels and may lead to wrong values.

The max. potentials to ground must not exceed ±12V. Any

channel overload may influence measurements of other

The internal connection of the 16 analog inputs is provided via a 40-way pin connector P5 (see figure on the right, here: current measurement at channel 2) on the USB-AD14f board, which for example can be used to connect current shunts (*ZU-CS250R* available as accessory).

The following table shows the pin assignment of the 40-way pin connector:

Pin	Assignment	Pin		Assignment
1	Aln 1	17		Aln 9
3	Aln 2	19		Aln 10
5	Aln 3	21		Aln 11
7	Aln 4	23		Aln 12
9	Aln 5	25		Aln 13
11	Aln 6	27		Aln 14
13	Aln 7	29		Aln 15
15	Aln 8	31		Aln 16
2, 4,, 30, 32	AGND	33, 34,	, 39, 40	n. c.

Ain 1 Ain 2 Ain 3 Ain 4 Ain 5 Ain 6 Ain 7 Ain 8 Ain 10 Ain 11 Ain 12 Ain 13 Ain 14 Ain 16 Ain 16			2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20 22 4 26 28 30 32	GNDA
	33	$\otimes \otimes$	34	
	35	$\otimes \otimes$	36	
	37	$\otimes \otimes$	38	
	39	$\otimes \otimes$	40	

O AIn = Analogeingang / analog input

O AGND = analoge Masse / analog ground

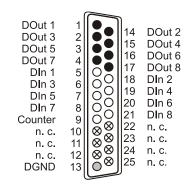
⊗ --= interne Verwendung / internal use

3 Digital Inputs and Outputs

The USB-AD14f features 4 digital inputs and outputs each (*low*. 0V..0.7V; *high*: 3V..5V). A 16-bit counter is available at pin 9.

All connections are led to the 25-pin D-Sub female connector on the back of the device. The pin assignment is as follows:

D-Sub 25	Assignment	D-Sub 25	Assignment
5	DIn 1	1	DOut 1
18	DIn 2	14	DOut 2
6	DIn 3	2	DOut 3
19	DIn 4	15	DOut 4
7	DIn 5	3	DOut 5
20	DIn 6	16	DOut 6
8	DIn 7	4	DOut 7
21	DIn 8	17	DOut 8
9	counter (05V, 100kHz)	9, 10, 11, 12,	n.c.
13	DGND	22, 23, 24, 25	



- DOut = Digitalausgang / *digital output*
- O DGND = digitale Masse / digital ground
- ⊗ n. c. = nicht verbunden / not connected
- O DIn = Digitaleingang / digital input
 - Counter = Zählereingang / counter input

- The digital lines are protected by resistors. If the input voltage is not within the permitted voltage range of 0V..5V, the device may be damaged.
- The digital ground (DGND) is connected with the PC ground.

4 Interfacing Examples for the Digital Lines of the USB-AD14f

The following basic connection examples demonstrate the use of the digital inputs and outputs and the connection of a counter to the USB-AD14f. The pin assignment of the 25-pin D-Sub female connector is described in chapter 3.

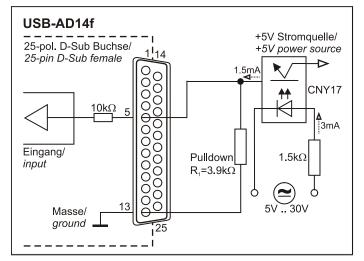
4.1 Interfacing Examples for Digital Inputs

The $3.9 \text{k}\Omega$ pull-down resistor sets the input to *low* if no voltage is applied there.

4.1.1 Connecting an Optocoupler

Optocouplers provide optimum protection at each input line. With them, it is possible to connect higher voltages and to protect the hardware from being destroyed. In this regard, please also see application examples of the optocoupler you use.

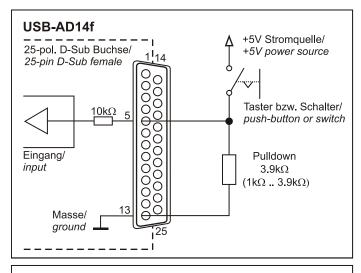
Optocoupler cards featuring 8 inputs are available at bmcm.



4.1.2 Connecting a Push-Button / Switch

Please make sure to use a push-button with debounce protection, because otherwise several pulses might be recorded.

The $3.9 \text{k}\Omega$ pull-down resistor is absolutely necessary to create a defined low signal!



4.1.3 Connecting a Voltage Divider

If connecting a DC voltage higher than 5V, a voltage divider must be used so that 5V at the maximum are applied at the device input. Exceeding the 5V input voltage might cause

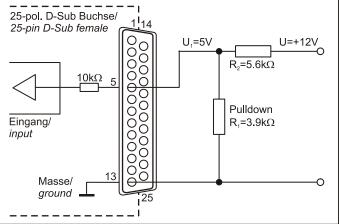
damages to the device.

The relation between the two resistors to be used is calculated with the following formula:

$$J/U_1 = (R_1 + R_2)/R_1$$

Input voltages less than 5V are also sufficient ($high \ge$ 3V).

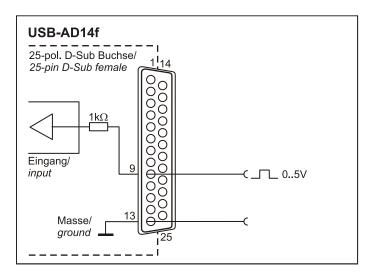
USB-AD14f



4.1.4 Connecting a Counter

The 16-bit counter is available at Pin 9 of the 37-pin D-Sub connector.

At maximum performance (2¹⁶-1), the counter is reset and starts from zero again.

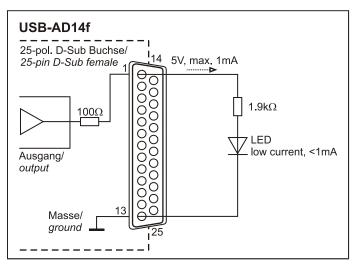


4.2 Interfacing Examples for Digital Outputs

Serial resistors in the output lines limit the current and protect the hardware from being destroyed.

4.2.1 Connecting an LED

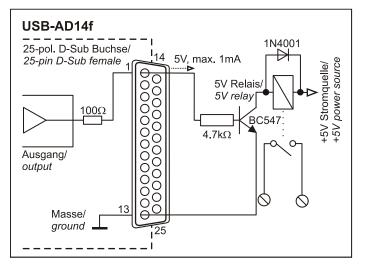
Only so-called low-current LEDs can be used, because they already work with 1mA current. Please also observe the total current listed in the technical data (see chapter 0).



4.2.2 Connecting a Relay

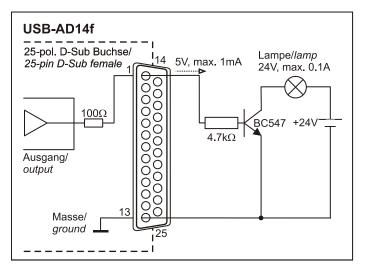
A connected relay is ideal to switch higher currents. Since the field coil of the relay requires a higher current than provided by the measurement system at one line, a transistor is connected ahead.

Relay cards featuring 8 outputs are available at bmcm.



4.2.3 Connecting a Lamp

A transistor can be used to switch higher loads. The selected transistor must comply with the maximum switchable current. The figure on the right shows an application with a maximum current of 100mA.



5 Important Notes for Using the USB-AD14f

- The device is only suitable for extra-low voltages please observe the relevant regulations! Only use the device with housing closed. ESD voltages at open lines may cause malfunction.
- Only use non-solvent detergents for cleaning. The product is designed to be maintenance-free.
- Signal cables are connected at the 37-pin or 25-pin D-Sub female connector preferably use shielded cables. For best possible interference suppression, connect shield at one end only. Close open inputs if necessary.
- The device ground and the chassis are electrically connected to the chassis of the PC, which is usually also connected to ground. Be sure to avoid ground loops since they will cause measuring errors!
- PCs (notebooks) which are not grounded often produce high potentials to earth at the USB socket so that safe operation cannot be guaranteed. In this case, connect the measuring system to earth.
- The gain is adjusted to even values. Therefore, only 16000 values (for 14 bit) of the full range of the converter are used. As a result, the measuring ranges are slightly larger (e.g. ±10.24V) than the indicated measuring ranges so that overranges can be recognized. The AD converter of the USB-AD14f has a code noise of up to ±2 LSB.
- The device must not be used for safety-relevant tasks. With the use of the product, the customer becomes manufacturer by law and is therefore fully responsible for the proper installation and use of the product. In the case of improper use and/or unauthorized interference, our warranty ceases and any warranty claim is excluded.



Do not dispose of the product in the domestic waste or at any waste collection places. It has to be either duly disposed according to the WEEE directive or can be returned to bmcm at your own expense.

Technical Data (typical at 20°C, after 5min., +5V supply) 6

Analog Inputs	
Channels // Resolution // Sampling rate:	16 single-ended // 14 bit (1.2mV) // max. 20kHz total sampling rate*
Measuring range // Accuracy // Noise:	±10V // ±3mV // ±2 LSB
Surge protection:	max. ±35V (when turned on), ±20V (when turned off), max. ±20mA in total of all input channels!
Input resistance // Input capacity:	$1M\Omega$ (with PC turned off: $1k\Omega$) // $5pF$
Zero shift // Gain drop:	±50ppm/°C // ±50ppm/°C
Frequency accuracy // Frequency drift:	max. ±50ppm // max. ±50ppm/°C
 The total sampling rate is the sum of the sampling sampling rate adds up to 20kHz). 	g rates of the individual used channels (e.g. if 4 channels are scanned with 5kHz, the total
 Analog Outputs 	
Voltage range // Output current:	1 voltage output with ±5V // 1mA max.
Resolution // Accuracy:	12 bit // typ. ±4 LSB, max. ±8 LSB
Zero shift // Gain drop:	±50ppm/°C // ±50ppm/°C
 Digital Inputs/Outputs 	
Channels // Level:	8 input and 8 output channels // CMOS/TTL compatible (low: 0V0.7V; high: 3V5V)
Current pick-up per output pin:	1mA (with app. 4V level), max. 2.5mA (with app. 3V level)
Surge protection:	max. $\pm 5.5V$, protected with 1k Ω , max. max. ± 20 mA in total of all channels!
Counter:	100kHz, 16 bit, 05V input voltage
General Data	
Power supply:	+4.5V+5.5V from USB connection to the PC, max. 100mA
USB interface:	USB 2.0 compatible (full speed)
Connections analog:	all channels at a 37-pin D-Sub female at the device front
Connections digital:	all channels at a 25-pin D-Sub female at the device back
CE standards:	EN61000-6-1, EN61000-6-3, EN61010-1; for decl. of conformity (PDF) visit www.bmcm.de
ElektroG // ear registration:	RoHS and WEEE compliant // WEEE RegNo. DE75472248
Max. permissible potentials:	60V DC acc. to VDE, max. 1kV ESD on open lines
Temperature ranges // Relative humidity:	operating temp. 070□C, storage temp. –25+85°C // 0-90% (not condensing)
Dimensions // Protection type:	167 x 113 x 30 mm ³ // IP30
Delivery:	device in aluminum housing, 1m USB connection cable
Available accessories (optional):	demo board ZU-DBD, DIN rail set ZU-SCHI, current shunt ZU-CS250R, connecting cables ZUKA25, ZUKA37SB, ZUKA37SS, 37-pin D-Sub plugs ZU37ST, ZU25ST,
	connector boards ZU37BB/CB/CO, waterproof housing ZU-PBOX-PG
Warranty:	2 years from date of purchase at bmcm, claims for damages resulting from improper use excluded
Software	

LIBAD4 SDK for C/C++ programming on Windows[®] 10/11 trial version of the measuring software NextView to test and operate the hardware

professional software (versions: Professional, Lite) for the acquisition and analysis of measurement data on

Windows® 10/11

Software free of charge download

NextView® (optional):

Manufacturer: BMC Messsysteme GmbH. Subject to change due to technical improvements. Errors and printing errors excepted. Rev. 1.1 11.10.2023